Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge IGCSE™

CANDIDATE NAME									
CENTRE NUMBER						CANDIDATE NUMBER				

ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE **0510/11**

Paper 1 Reading and Writing (Core) **May/June 2020**

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- Dictionaries are **not** allowed.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has **16** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

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Exercise 1

Read the article about the Socotra dragon tree, and then answer the following questions.

The Socotra dragon tree

The Socotra dragon tree is an unusual tree, as it looks rather like an open umbrella.

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Researchers are working on projects to grow young trees, but widespread efforts are needed in order to ensure that the Socotra dragon tree will survive for future generations.

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1 Which country is the island of Socotra part of?

View solution

..... [1]

2 What percentage of Socotra's plants can only be found on the island?

View solution

..... [1]

3 How tall do Socotra dragon trees typically grow?

View solution

..... [1]

4 What enables the Socotra dragon trees to grow well in particular locations on the island?

..... [1]

5 How is the substance that the Socotra dragon trees produce used today?

View solution

..... [1]

6 How do the trees' leaves benefit Socotra dragon trees? Give **two** details.

View solution

.....

..... [2]

7 What colour are the Socotra dragon trees' mature berries?

View solution

..... [1]

8 What problem must people be aware of when feeding berries to their animals?

..... [1]

[Total: 9]

View solution

Exercise 2

Read the article about three people (**A**–**C**) who are describing an activity they enjoy. Then answer Question **9 (a)**–**(h)**.

My favourite activity

A Tanya

I enjoy different sports, but skateboarding is my absolute favourite. To me, it's my sport, my hobby, and even my daily mode of transport! I don't even own a bicycle any more! Skateboarding has shaped me into the person I am today. It's taught me to always get up after I fall, to never give up, to stick with something until I get it right and to be proud of what I have achieved. When I was little, I used to go to the skate park near my home and practise simple things like turns and small jumps. I was this little kid skating around and accidentally getting in the way of all the bigger kids. But they never yelled at me to get out of the way or said anything rude to me at all. In fact, some of these kids even gave me tips and showed me how to do certain tricks.

B Patricia

When I was five, my parents enrolled me in a gymnastics programme. I remember being really nervous before the class, but my cousin decided to start with me, and that gave me confidence. I began by learning the basics – like how to walk across the balance beam, and how to do forward rolls for the floor exercise. After two years, I was good enough to join the team, and I had classes with the older, more advanced gymnasts. They were good role models, as I could see how hard they worked. Soon I was competing nationally, even winning some individual medals. As competitions got harder, I had to learn new skills, including something called a back handspring. I had difficulty getting it right, although I practised a lot. Then I fell and damaged my shoulder, so I didn't enter anything for a year. I considered quitting, but actually, having a break for that year was good, and I decided to continue, which I know was the right move – I'm so happy I carried on.

C Danni

When I was about 11, I had no idea what sports I wanted to do. My sister did cross-country running at school and didn't like it because she always came last, but I decided to have a go. So I joined the school cross-country running club. Running in the heat was really hard, but I kept going, and got picked for the team. This took a lot of commitment, as I had to get up very early to go on training runs. Strange as it may seem, though, I've always liked early mornings! I remember my first competition. I was anxious about finishing in last place. Once the race started, I felt better and managed to stay in 8th place almost the whole time and I was able to move up to finish in 6th place. After that, I was determined to keep improving, and even when I'm not training for a particular event, I still go running.

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9 For each question, write the correct letter A, B or C on the line.

Which person …

(a) gives a reason for not participating in competitions? ..... [1]

(b) describes how she got advice from other people? ..... [1]

(c) explains that she wasn't put off doing an activity by someone else's bad experience? ..... [1]

(d) mentions positive characteristics she's developed through her interest? ..... [1]

(e) explains what she learned from watching other people? ..... [1]

(f) mentions having a lack of confidence before a competition? ..... [1]

(g) explains that the activity has a practical use in everyday life? ..... [1]

(h) mentions that sharing a difficult experience was helpful? ..... [1]

[Total: 8]

View solution

Exercise 3

Read the article about a new method of farming called vertical farming, and then complete the notes.

Vertical farming



In some cities around the world, people are growing food in tall buildings, in a process known as 'vertical farming'. Vertical farms are tall city blocks made of concrete and glass, and fitted with platforms where fruit and vegetables can be grown in a closed environment. With an ever-increasing world population, and water and land being limited resources, the question of how we are going to feed and house everyone is a serious one. If we need more land for housing, then farmlands and forests will shrink. But farmland is required to feed the population, and the forests are needed to produce oxygen and to support the life forms that are part of the ecology. Vertical farms are seen as one possible alternative to more traditional farming methods.

Vertical farms are designed to be built in cities, with the result that food is grown in the area where it will be eaten as cities are the places where most people live. Land for building these farms is more expensive, which is a fact that people who want to set up a vertical farm need to take into account. And of course, growing the food is only the first stage. The next part is preparing and packaging the food, as in fact, much of what we eat is processed in some way. In order to have truly local food, there also need to be processing factories nearby. This presents its own set of problems, such as the pollution that these processing factories create.

Those people who support the idea of vertical farms point out that there are no insects to attack the plants. This is an increasingly important consideration for the many people nowadays who are concerned about the substances that are often sprayed onto the plants in open-field farms to prevent insect damage. In vertical farms, there is no need for chemicals, meaning the plants are organic. It is true, however, that insects are vital to the process of crop pollination, which is needed if plants are to produce fruit. This means that if vertical farms are completely insect-free environments, pollination needs to be done by hand, which takes time and labour.

The closed structure of a vertical farm means that the crops will be protected from extreme weather conditions. Global weather patterns are more and more unpredictable, and global warming is such a recognised problem that vertical farming is becoming increasingly attractive. Furthermore, the plants can grow all year round with the use of special lights. Of course, although the extra cost of this lighting is passed on to consumers, this is balanced by the fact that during the year a larger number of plants can be grown.

While we might not see vertical farms in every city for some years, there are a number of projects already under construction around the world, and some completed vertical farms are already producing food.

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You are going to give a talk about the advantages and disadvantages of vertical farming to your class at school. Prepare some notes to use as the basis for your talk.

Make short notes under each heading.

10 Advantages of vertical farming:

- .....
- .....
- .....
- .....
- ..... [5]

11 Disadvantages of vertical farming:

- .....
- ..... [2]

[Total: 7]

View solution

Exercise 4

View solution

12 Read the article about a place called the Arctic World Archive where data is stored.

Write a summary about why the Arctic World Archive is a safe place for data to be stored.

Your summary should be about 80 words long (and no more than 90 words long). You should use your own words as far as possible.

You will receive up to 6 marks for the content of your summary, and up to 6 marks for the style and accuracy of your language.

Keeping your data safe: the Arctic World Archive

Nowadays, we all keep a huge amount of information on our computers and phones, like electronic messages and photos. If you've ever lost important information from your computer, or your phone, you'll know how annoying this can be! Nowadays, however, governments, businesses and people who are concerned about losing valuable data or photos can relax a bit more. There is a large data storage facility, called the Arctic World Archive, which opened in March 2017.

The archive is found on an island between mainland Norway and the North Pole. It is 300 metres below the ground, and protected from the Arctic conditions above. The temperature underground does not vary a great deal, and this makes it suitable for storing data securely. The fact that no extra energy is needed to maintain the temperature means there is no need for temperature control equipment. And because the island is in a very remote location, it is unlikely that anyone would try to access it.

A company has developed the technology to store people's data by transferring it onto special digital film which lasts 500 years. This is considerably longer than some other methods of data storage. The data on this digital film cannot be edited in any way by anyone. People wanting to use the archive send data to the company, and once it is stored, they can ask to get it back at any time. This is not an immediate process though. For extra security, the data held in the archive is not connected to the internet. When a request for stored information is made, staff at the archive have to go and physically collect the relevant digital film. This is then sent electronically using a special safe cable which is connected to the mainland. This procedure can take half an hour or more. But in these days of online security problems around the world, this is well worth the wait!

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[Total: 12]

Exercise 5





View solution

13 You recently watched an interesting documentary which helped you to do a homework project.

Write an email to a friend about the documentary.

In your email, you should:

- describe the documentary that you watched
- tell your friend about the homework project
- explain how the documentary helped you with your homework project.

The pictures above may give you some ideas, and you can also use some ideas of your own.

Your email should be between 100 and 150 words long.

You will receive up to 6 marks for the content of your email, and up to 6 marks for the language used.

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[Total: 12]

Exercise 6

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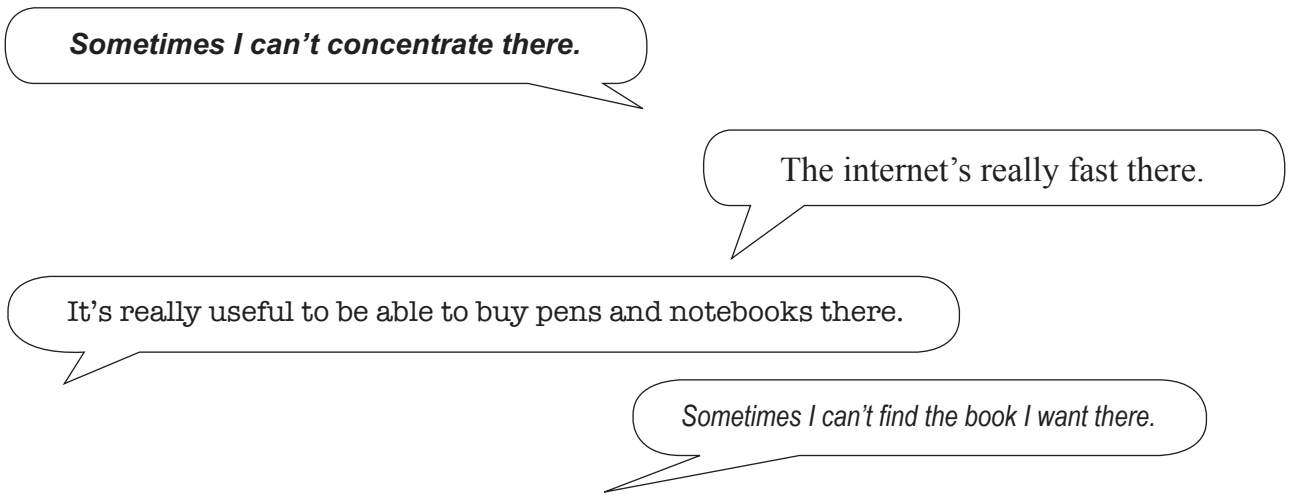
14 Your school is going to make some improvements to the school library.

Your teacher has asked you to write a report about the school library.

In your report, say what students think about the library now, **and** suggest how the library could be improved.

Here are some comments from other students:



Write a report for your teacher, giving your views.

The comments above may give you some ideas, and you can also use some ideas of your own.

Your report should be between 100 and 150 words long.

You will receive up to 6 marks for the content of your report, and up to 6 marks for the language used.

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[Total: 12]

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