Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge IGCSE™

BIOLOGY **0610/22**

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended) **May/June 2022**

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

INSTRUCTIONS

- There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do **not** use correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.

IB22 06_0610_22/5RP
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1 All living organisms release energy from nutrient molecules within their cells.

View solution

What is the name of this characteristic?

A growth

B nutrition

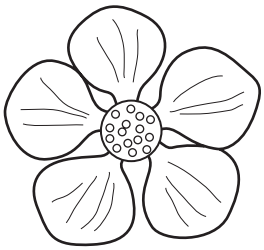
C respiration

D sensitivity

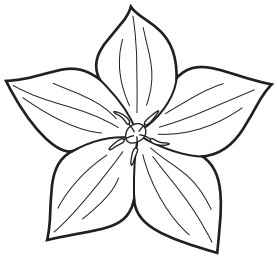
2 Which diagram shows a flower from a monocotyledon?

View solution

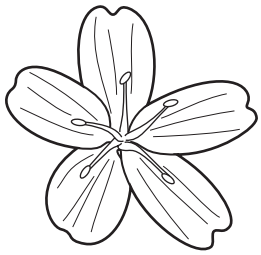
A



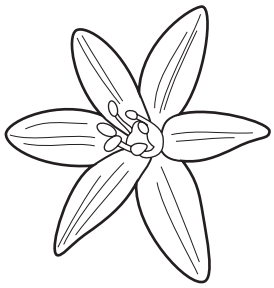
B



C

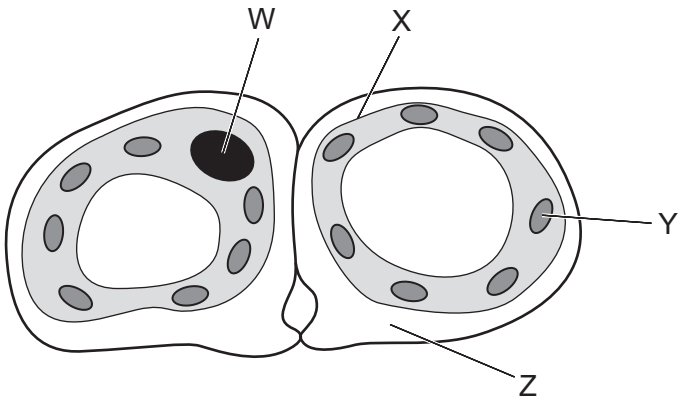


D



3 The diagram shows a cross-section through two guard cells of a leaf.

View solution



Which labelled structures would also be found in an animal cell?

A W and X **B** X and Y **C** Y and Z **D** Z and W

4 The table shows some structures found in the human body.

Which row shows the correct level of organisation, from the simplest structure to the most complex?

View solution

	simple →			complex
A	red blood cell	heart	heart muscle	circulatory system
B	heart muscle	circulatory system	red blood cell	heart
C	red blood cell	heart muscle	heart	circulatory system
D	heart muscle	red blood cell	circulatory system	heart

5 By which process does oxygen move from a region of higher concentration in the alveoli to a region of lower concentration in the blood?

View solution

A osmosis

B breathing

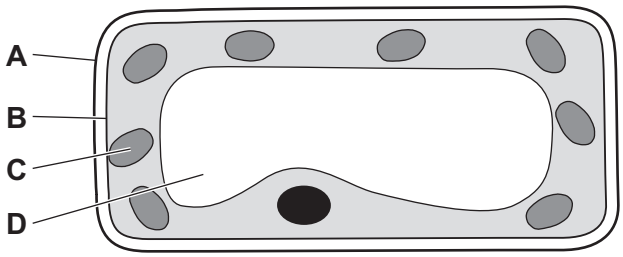
C diffusion

D active transport

6 The diagram shows a section through a mesophyll cell of a leaf.

View solution

Which part is partially permeable?



7 What are the smaller basic units of starch and glycogen molecules?

View solution

	starch	glycogen
A	amino acids	fatty acids and glycerol
B	amino acids	glucose
C	glucose	fatty acids and glycerol
D	glucose	glucose

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8 A chromosome was analysed and found to have 6125 pairs of bases. The type of each base was identified and 2345 of the bases were G.

How many of the bases in this chromosome are T?

A 1435 **B** 3780 **C** 6125 **D** 7560

9 Which type of molecule are enzymes made of?

A carbohydrates

B fats

C proteins

D vitamins

10 Which statement describes the effect of temperature on enzymes?

A High temperatures denature enzymes making it difficult for substrate molecules to fit into the active site.

B High temperatures denature enzymes making it easy for substrate molecules to fit into the active site.

C Low temperatures denature enzymes making it difficult for substrate molecules to fit into the active site.

D Low temperatures denature enzymes making it easy for substrate molecules to fit into the active site.

11 The statements describe some of the events that occur in a plant after light energy is absorbed by chlorophyll.

1 converted to chemical energy

2 converted to sucrose for translocation

3 starch is stored in the roots or seeds

4 glucose is produced

In which order do these events occur?

A $1 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2$

B $4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1$

C $4 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$

D $1 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$

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12 A deficiency of magnesium ions can cause plant leaves to become yellow between the leaf veins.

What is the reason for this?

View solution

A increased chlorophyll production

B increased protein production

C decreased chlorophyll production

D decreased protein production

13 The table shows some different components in a balanced diet.

View solution

Which row correctly matches the components to the reasons why they are needed?

	vitamin D	water	fats
A	insulation	bone growth	to make haemoglobin
B	bone growth	transport	insulation
C	transport	to make haemoglobin	bone growth
D	to make haemoglobin	insulation	transport

14 Which process involves the removal of material from the rectum?

View solution

A egestion

B ingestion

C chemical digestion

D mechanical digestion

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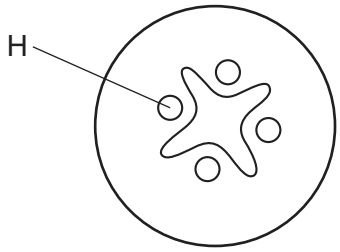
15 The diagram shows a cross-section of part of a plant.

View solution

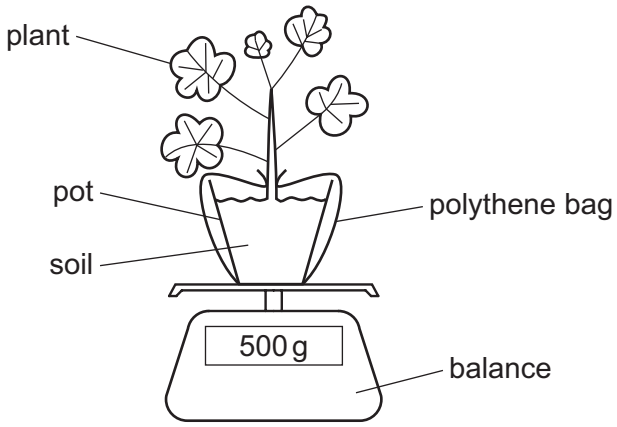


Which part of the plant is shown and what is the tissue labelled H?

	plant part	tissue H
A	root	phloem
B	root	xylem
C	stem	phloem
D	stem	xylem

16 The apparatus shown can be used to investigate the effect of temperature and humidity on the rate of transpiration.

View solution



Which set of conditions would give the highest rate of transpiration and the greatest decrease in mass?

	temperature	humidity
A	cool	high
B	cool	low
C	warm	high
D	warm	low

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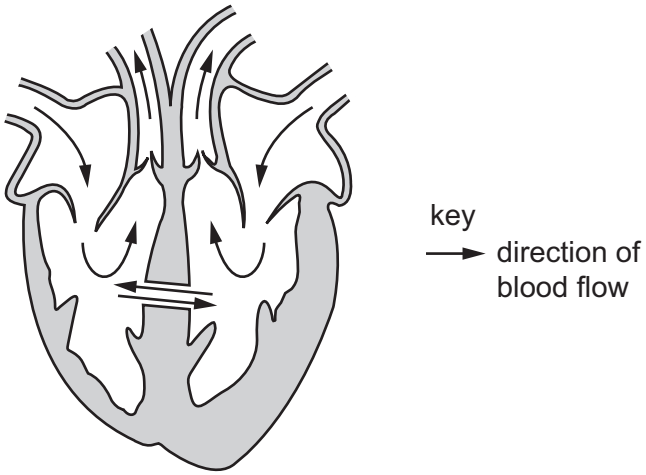
17 People are sometimes born with a 'hole in the heart'. This is caused by a gap in the septum, as shown.

View solution



If the gap in the septum is not repaired, it causes the person to become breathless more quickly.

What is a possible explanation for this?

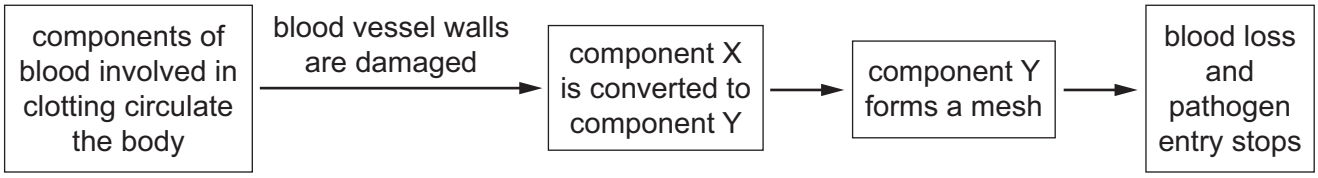
A Deoxygenated blood in the left atrium mixes with oxygenated blood from the right atrium.

B Deoxygenated blood in the right atrium mixes with oxygenated blood from the left atrium.

C Oxygenated blood in the left ventricle mixes with deoxygenated blood from the right ventricle.

D Oxygenated blood in the right ventricle mixes with deoxygenated blood from the left ventricle.

18 The flow diagram shows stages in blood clotting.



What is component X?

View solution

A fibrin

B fibrinogen

C plasma

D platelet

19 What is an example of passive immunity?

View solution

A immunity against influenza after an individual has been infected with the influenza virus

B the formation of memory cells in response to a cholera infection

C giving chickenpox antibodies to people at risk of developing a severe infection

D vaccination against measles where a harmless version of the virus is given

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20 What happens at the start of inspiration?

View solution

	internal intercostal muscles	external intercostal muscles	diaphragm	volume of thorax
A	contract	relax	contracts	increases
B	contract	relax	relaxes	decreases
C	relax	contract	contracts	increases
D	relax	contract	relaxes	increases

21 Germinating seeds respire aerobically to release energy that can be used for growth.

View solution

The balanced equation for aerobic respiration in seeds can be represented as shown.

$$Q + R \rightarrow S + T$$

Which row gives the balanced equation for aerobic respiration in seeds?

	Q	R	S	T
A	$6CO_2$	$6H_2O$	$C_6H_{12}O_6$	$6O_2$
B	$C_6H_{12}O_6$	$6O_2$	$6CO_2$	$6H_2O$
C	$6CO_2$	$6O_2$	$C_6H_{12}O_6$	$6H_2O$
D	$C_6H_{12}O_6$	$6H_2O$	$6CO_2$	$6O_2$

22 During vigorous exercise, lactic acid builds up in muscles leading to an oxygen debt.

View solution

Which statement describes a stage in the removal of the oxygen debt during recovery?

A Anaerobic respiration breaks down lactic acid in the muscles.

B Aerobic respiration breaks down lactic acid in the muscles.

C Anaerobic respiration breaks down lactic acid in the liver.

D Aerobic respiration breaks down lactic acid in the liver.

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23 The table shows the concentration of sodium ions in blood plasma, in glomerular filtrate (the liquid that passes through the glomerulus) and in urine.

View solution

	blood plasma	glomerular filtrate	urine
concentration of sodium ions / arbitrary units	141	141	127

What is the percentage concentration of sodium ions reabsorbed in the kidney tubules?

A 0.0% **B** 9.9% **C** 10.9% **D** 14.0%

24 Which effects does adrenaline have on blood glucose concentration and pulse rate?

View solution

	blood glucose concentration	pulse rate
A	increases	reduces
B	increases	increases
C	reduces	reduces
D	reduces	increases

25 The concentration of glucose in the blood is controlled by negative feedback.

View solution

When blood glucose concentration falls too low, the .....1..... releases the hormone .....2..... .

This hormone causes cells to break down .....3..... to glucose, which is released into the blood.

Which words correctly complete gaps 1, 2 and 3?

	1	2	3
A	liver	glucagon	glycogen
B	liver	glycogen	glucagon
C	pancreas	glucagon	glycogen
D	pancreas	glycogen	glucagon

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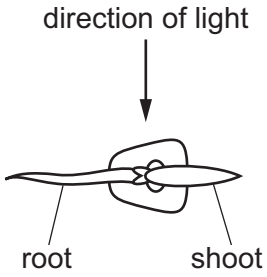
26 A young maize seedling is grown from a seed. The seedling is placed on its side and left in a room with a light source for several days.

View solution



What will happen to the young shoot?

A Auxin becomes concentrated in the lower part of the shoot and the shoot grows towards the light.

B Auxin becomes concentrated in the upper part of the shoot and the shoot grows towards the light.

C Auxin is evenly distributed in the shoot and the shoot grows towards the light.

D Auxin is evenly distributed in the shoot and the shoot grows away from the light.

27 What is an adaptive feature of sperm?

View solution

A large stores of energy

B enzymes in the acrosome

C jelly coating that changes after fertilisation

D diploid nucleus

28 The list contains statements about sexual and asexual reproduction in plants.

View solution

1 It promotes genetic variation.

2 It requires self-pollination.

3 It requires meiosis.

4 It produces offspring that are identical to the parent.

5 It allows the population to increase rapidly.

Which statements describe asexual reproduction in plants?

A 1, 2 and 5 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 4 and 5 **D** 3 and 4

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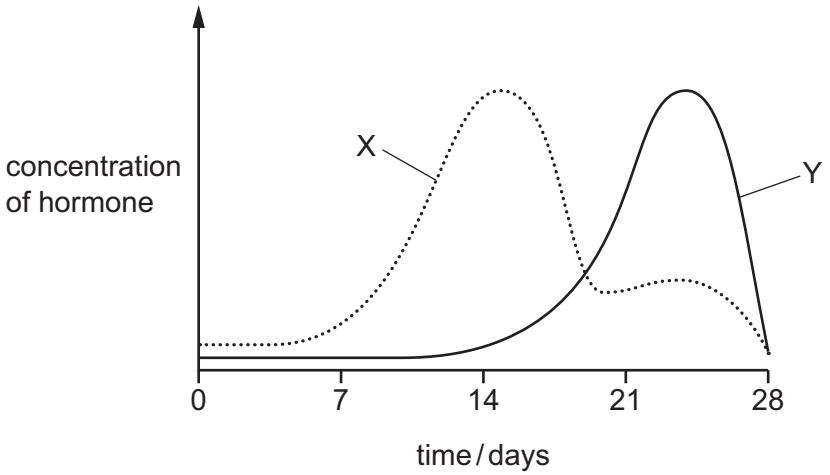
29 The graph shows the levels of two hormones during a 28-day menstrual cycle.

View solution



Which hormones are represented by X and Y on the graph?

	X	Y
A	FSH	oestrogen
B	LH	FSH
C	oestrogen	progesterone
D	progesterone	LH

30 Before meiosis takes place, a cell has 24 chromosomes.

View solution

How many chromosomes will be found in each of the cells that are produced by meiosis?

A 6 **B** 12 **C** 24 **D** 48

31 When a horse with red hair (genotype H^RH^R) breeds with a horse with white hair (genotype H^WH^W) the offspring have red and white hair (genotype H^RH^W). These horses are described as having roan-coloured hair. This is an example of codominance.

When two horses with roan-coloured hair are bred together, what is the chance of their offspring also having roan-coloured hair?

View solution

A 100% **B** 75% **C** 50% **D** 25%

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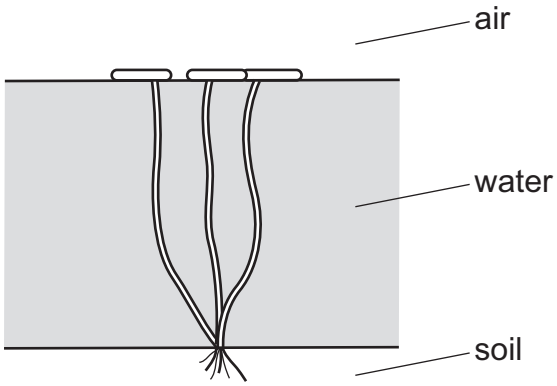
32 The diagram shows a hydrophyte.

View solution



What is an adaptive feature of this hydrophyte?

A no stomata on the upper surface or the lower surface of the leaves

B a network of large air spaces inside the leaves

C leaf stalks containing many xylem vessels for support

D a thick waxy cuticle on the lower surface of the leaves

33 Sickle cell anaemia is a genetic disorder which results in severe illness in homozygous individuals. In some human populations, being heterozygous can be beneficial.

View solution

What could be the reason for this?

A Heterozygous individuals are not affected by the disorder.

B Heterozygous individuals are more resistant to malaria.

C The disorder is caused by a dominant allele.

D The disorder is sex-linked.

34 Which statement about selective breeding is correct?

View solution

A It does not involve humans.

B It involves a struggle for survival.

C It always involves only one parent.

D It involves parents that possess desirable features.

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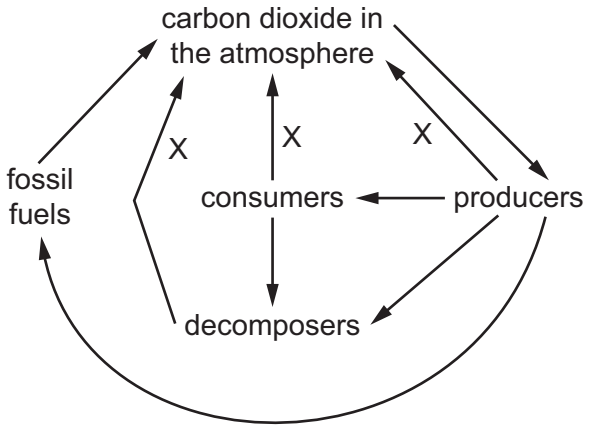
35 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.

View solution



Which process is shown by the arrows labelled X?

A combustion

B fossilisation

C photosynthesis

D respiration

36 A herd of red deer live in a forest that contains snakes and a large variety of birds.

View solution

Which group of organisms is an example of a population?

A all the animals in the forest

B all the red deer in the forest

C all the organisms in the forest

D all the plants in the forest

37 With which kingdoms do bacteria share the same genetic code?

View solution

A animal, plant, fungus and protoctist

B animal, plant and fungus only

C animal and plant only

D animal only

38 Which process makes use of a genetically engineered organism?

View solution

A using bacteria to produce insulin

B using enzymes in biological washing powders

C using pectinase in fruit juice production

D using yeast to produce ethanol

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39 What is a reason for conserving plant species?

View solution

A to absorb oxygen from the air

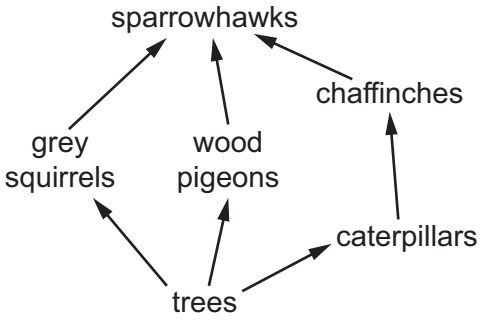
B to decrease rainfall

C to obtain drugs for medicinal use

D to release carbon dioxide into the air

40 The food web shows the feeding relationships in a woodland.

View solution



If all the chaffinches in the food web die, which effect would this have?

A The amount of damage to trees will increase.

B The food supply for grey squirrels will increase.

C The number of wood pigeons will increase.

D The population of caterpillars will decrease.

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